

Quantum Metrology with Spatially Resolved Atom Detection



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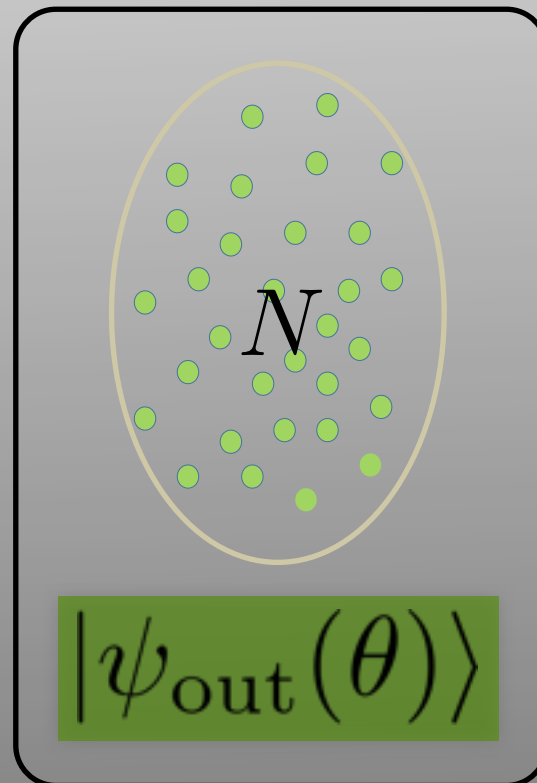
Outline

1. Metrology and Atom Detection
2. Measuring the average density - Sensitivity bounds
3. Application to Spatially Interfering BECs
 - Double-Well trap - Two Mode Interferometer
 - Optical Lattice - Multimode Interferometer
4. Summary & Outlook

Metrology with atom position measurements

Quantum Metrology :

Estimation of a physical parameter θ on which the (quantum) state depends



Sensitivity Bound

$$\Delta\theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{mN}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}}$$

Metrology with atom position measurements

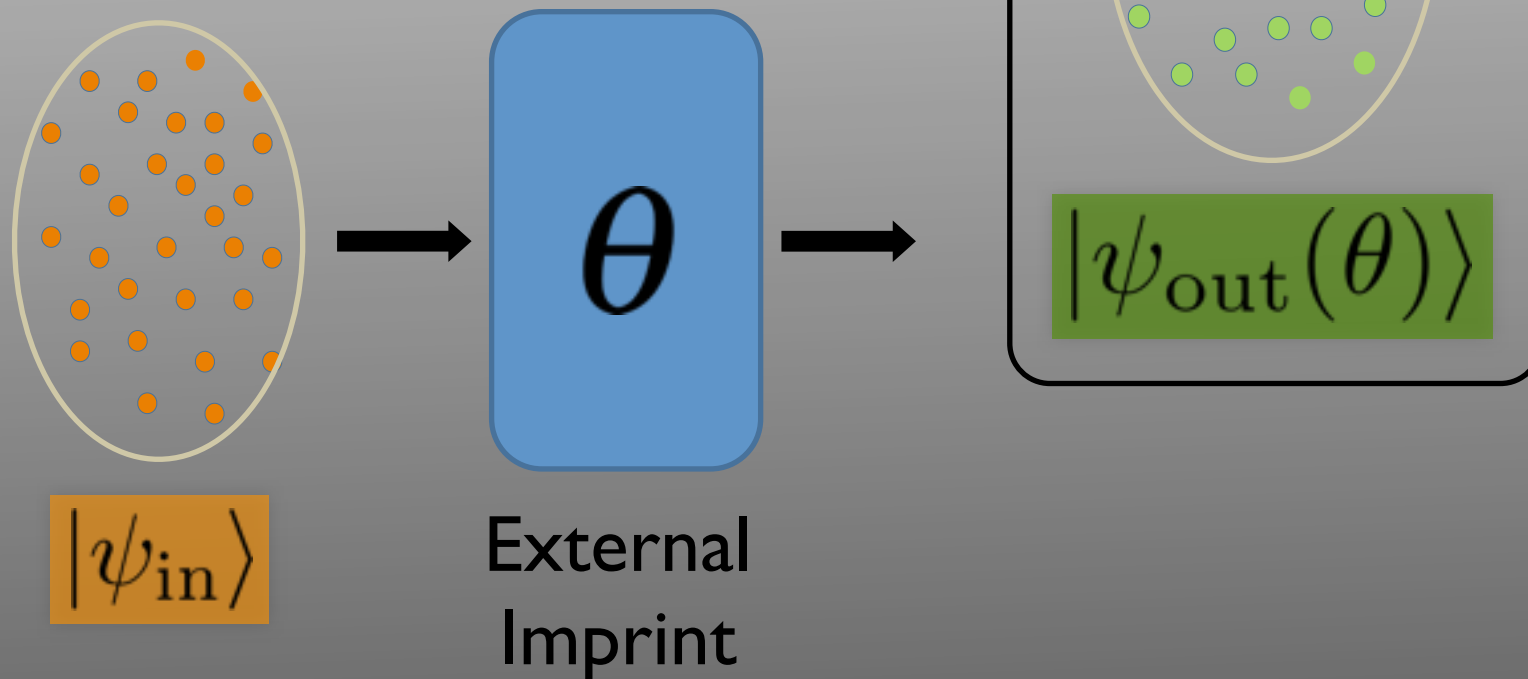
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Estimation of a physical parameter θ on which the (quantum) state depends

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Interferometry



Metrology with atom position measurements

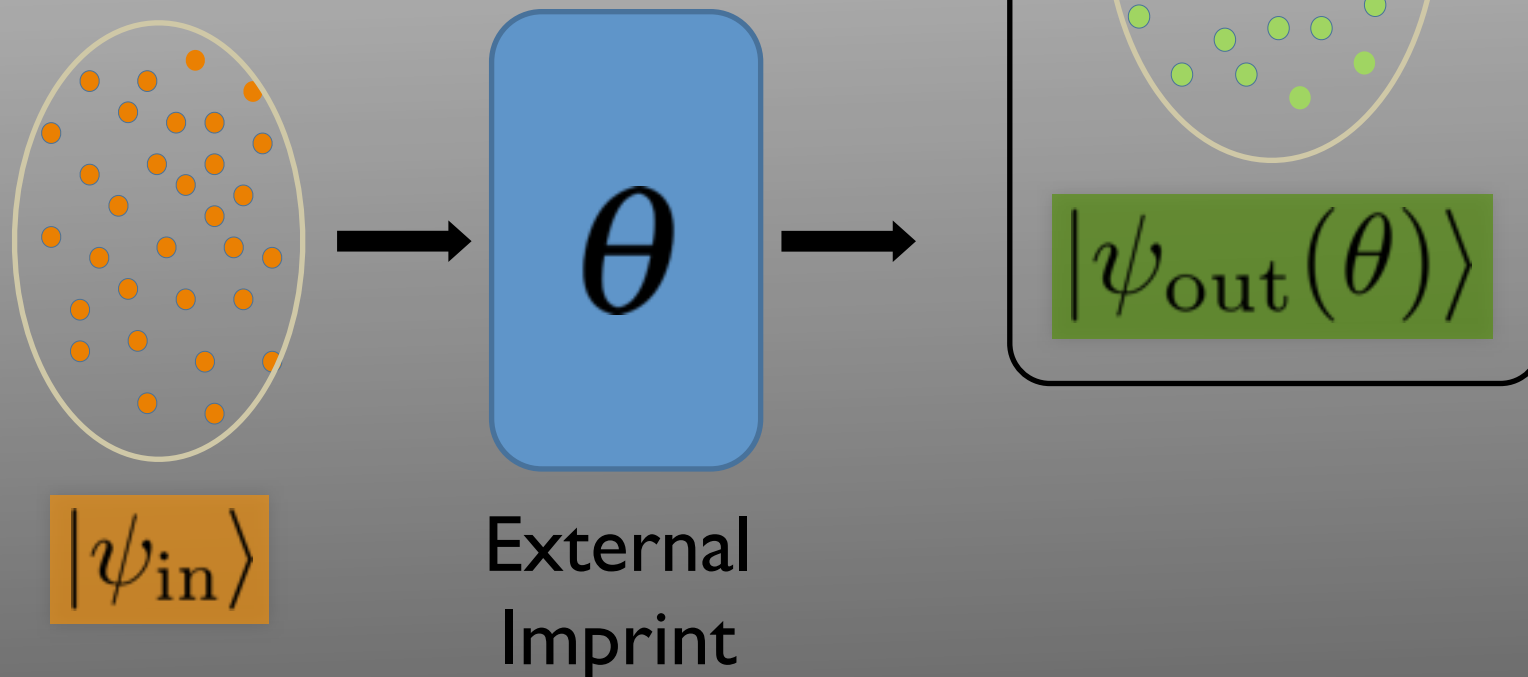
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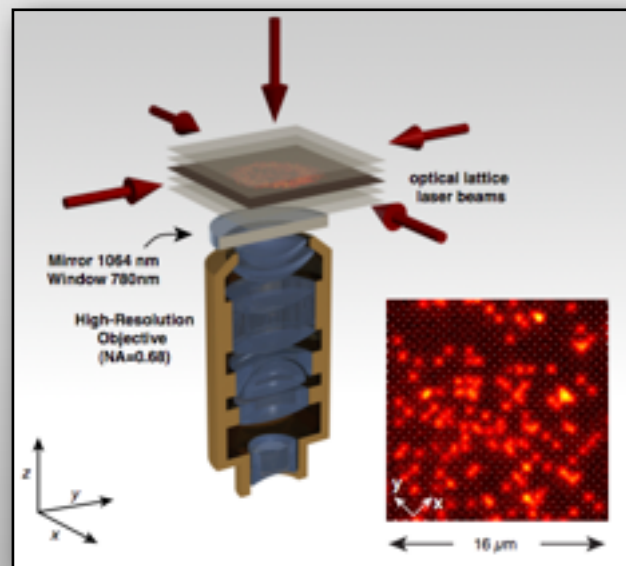
Interferometry



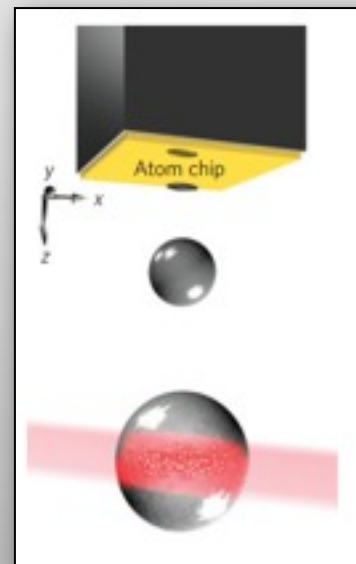
Measurement

**Spatially Resolved
Atom Detection**

Atom detection techniques



J. F. Sherson, et al., Nature 467(2010)

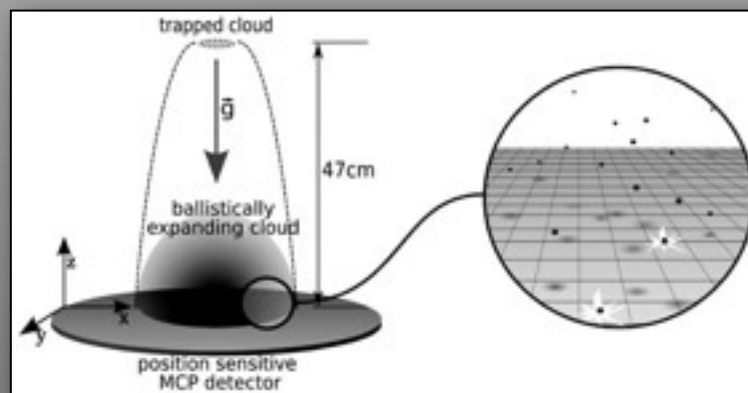


A. Perrin, et al., Nat. Phys. 8(2012)

Fluorescence

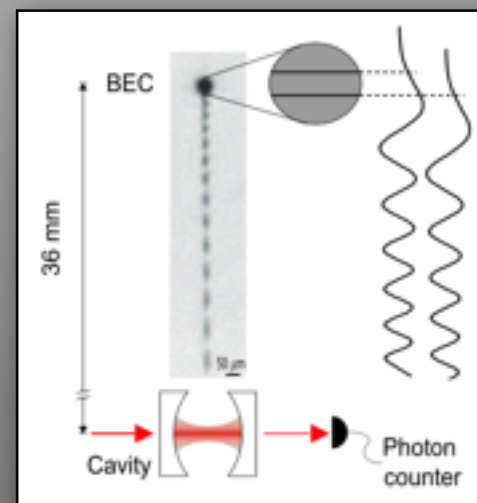
Schlosser, et al., Nature 411(2001)
S. Kuhr, et al., Science 293(2001)
K. D. Nelson, et al., Nat. Phys. 3(2007)
T. Bondo, et al., Optics Comm. 264(2006)
W.S Bakr, et al., Nature 462(2009)
R. Buecker, et al., NJP 11(2009)
D. Heine, et al., NJP 12(2010)

Microchannel Plate



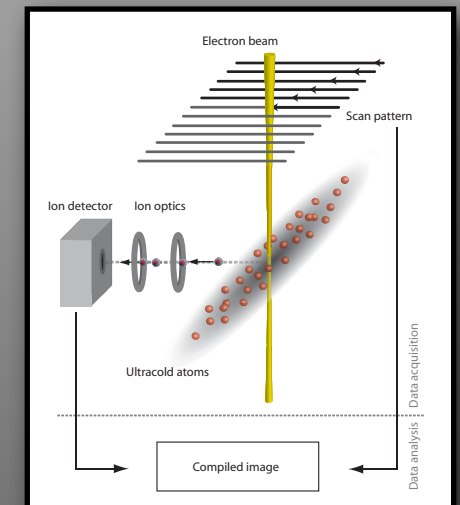
M. Schellenkens, et al., Science 310(2005)

Optical Cavities



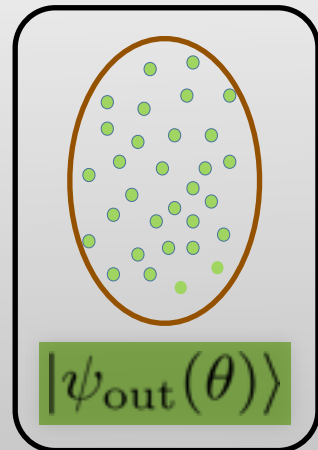
A. Oettl, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 95(2005)

Electron Microscopy



T. Gericke, et al., Nat. Phys. 4(2008)

Estimation from the average density



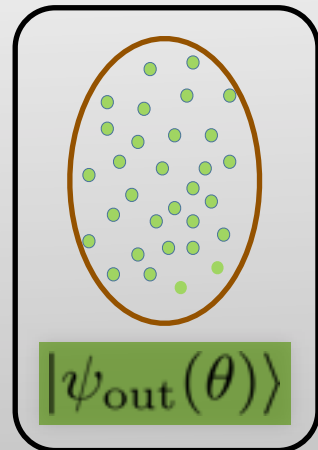
Measurement

$$\rho(x|\theta) = \langle \psi_{\text{out}}(\theta) | \hat{\Psi}^\dagger(x) \hat{\Psi}(x) | \psi_{\text{out}}(\theta) \rangle$$

Estimation Protocol

- i) Imprint the **true value** θ
- ii) Measure the density **averaged over m** repetitions
- iii) Infer by a **least-squares fit**

Estimation from the average density



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$$\Delta^2 \theta_{\text{ML}} = \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{1}{F_1} + \frac{C}{F_1^2} \right)$$

Estimation sensitivity

$$\Delta^2 \theta_{\text{ML}} = \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{1}{F_1} + \frac{C}{F_1^2} \right)$$

$$F_1 = \int dx \frac{1}{\rho(x|\theta)} \left(\frac{\partial \rho(x|\theta)}{\partial \theta} \right)^2$$

Fisher Information - single particle

$$C = \int dx dy g_2(x, y|\theta) \partial_\theta \rho(x|\theta) \partial_\theta \rho(y|\theta)$$

$$g_2(x, y|\theta) = \frac{\langle \hat{\psi}^\dagger(x) \hat{\psi}^\dagger(y) \hat{\psi}(y) \hat{\psi}(x) \rangle}{\langle \hat{\psi}^\dagger(x) \hat{\psi}(x) \rangle \langle \hat{\psi}^\dagger(y) \hat{\psi}(y) \rangle}$$

Two-particle correlation

J. Chwedenczuk, P. Hyllus, F.P.A. Smerzi, arXiv :1108.2785

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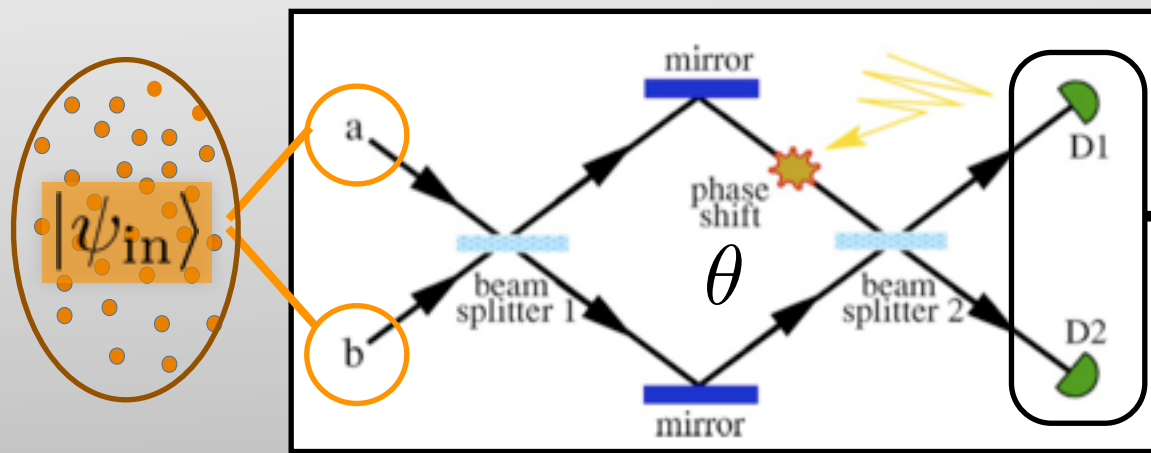
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Two-particle correlation

- Quite **general** result :
- two and many modes
 - bosons and fermions
 - T=0 and T>0
 - any interferometer

J. Chwedenczuk, P. Hyllus, F.P.A. Smerzi, arXiv :1108.2785

Two-mode interferometry - Mach-Zehnder



Measurement

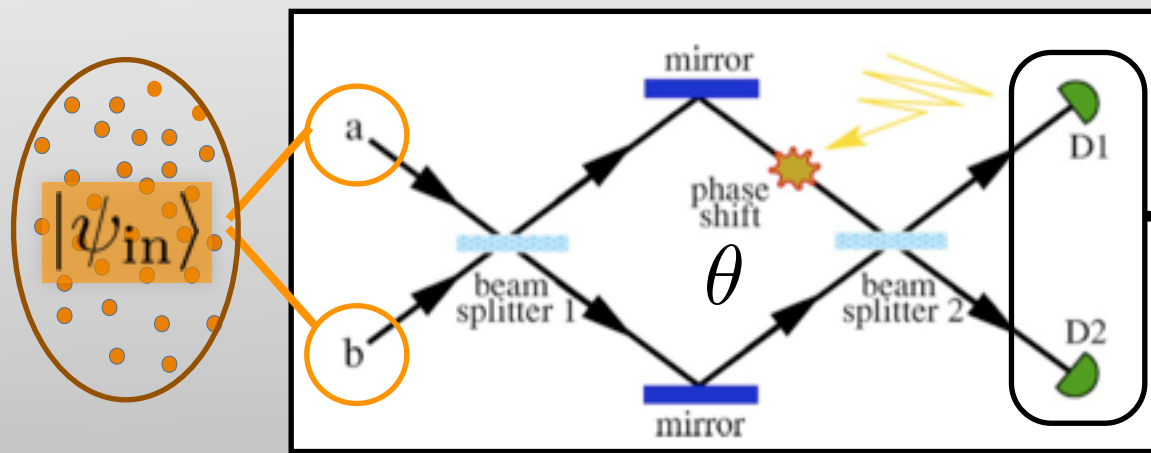
$$\langle \hat{n}_1 - \hat{n}_2 \rangle$$

$$\Delta^2 \theta_{\text{ML}} = \frac{1}{m} \frac{\xi_n^2}{N}$$

$$\xi_n^2 = N \frac{\Delta^2 \hat{J}_z}{\langle \hat{J}_x \rangle^2}$$

Heisenberg limit
for spin-squeezed
states

Two-mode interferometry - Mach-Zehnder



Measurement

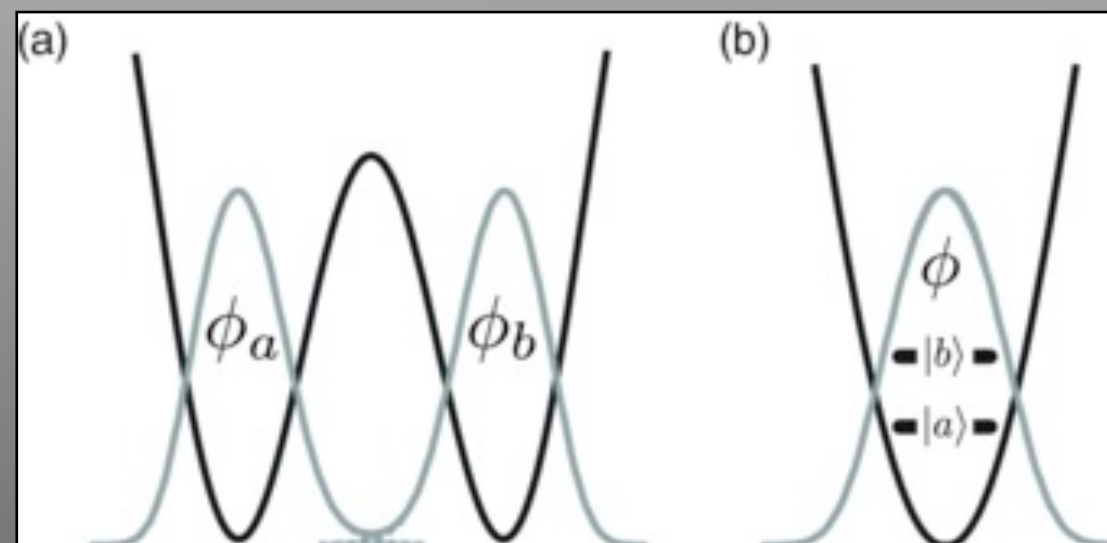
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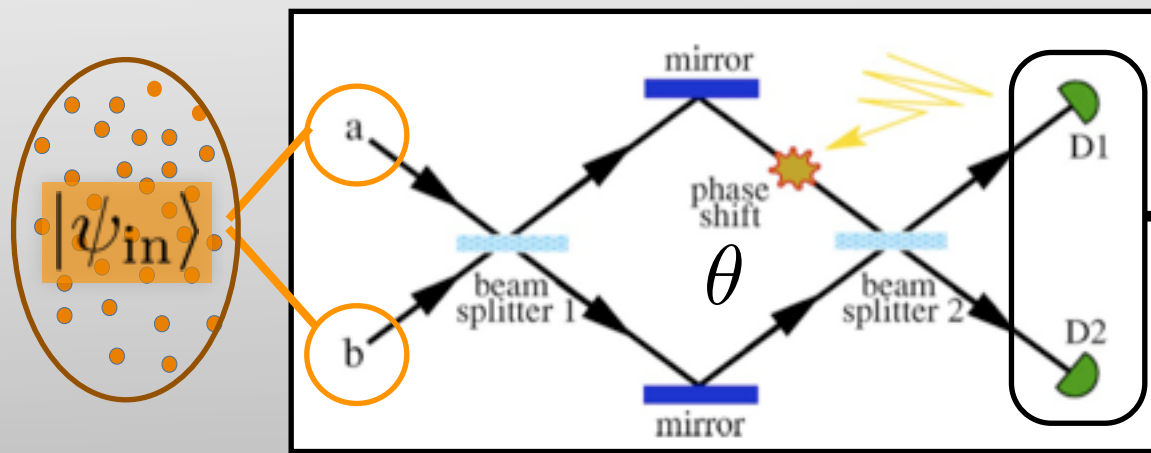
Heisenberg limit
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Implementation with **Ultracold Bosons**



C. Gross, J. Phys. B 45(2012)

Two-mode interferometry - Mach-Zehnder



Measurement

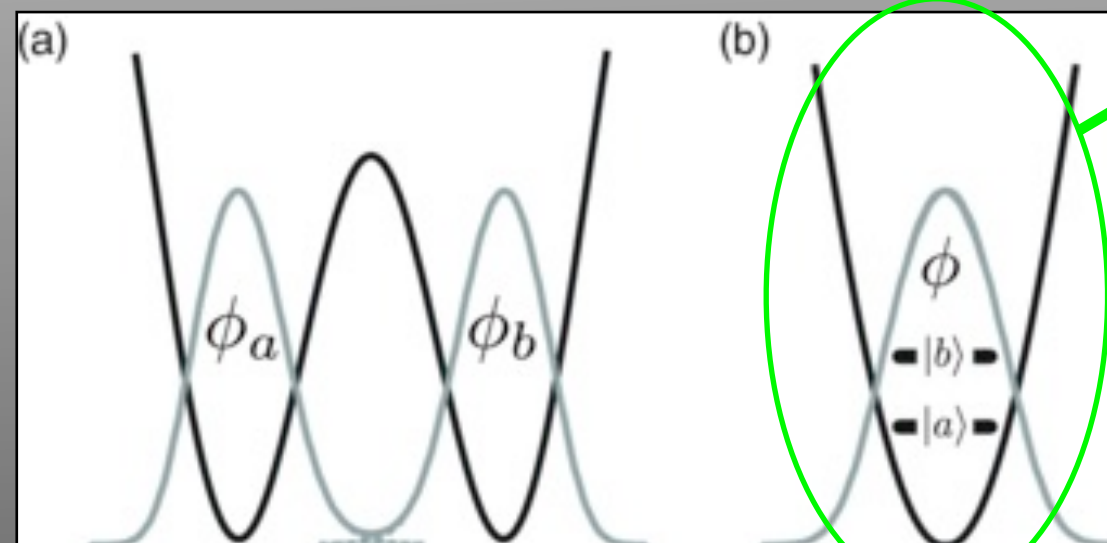
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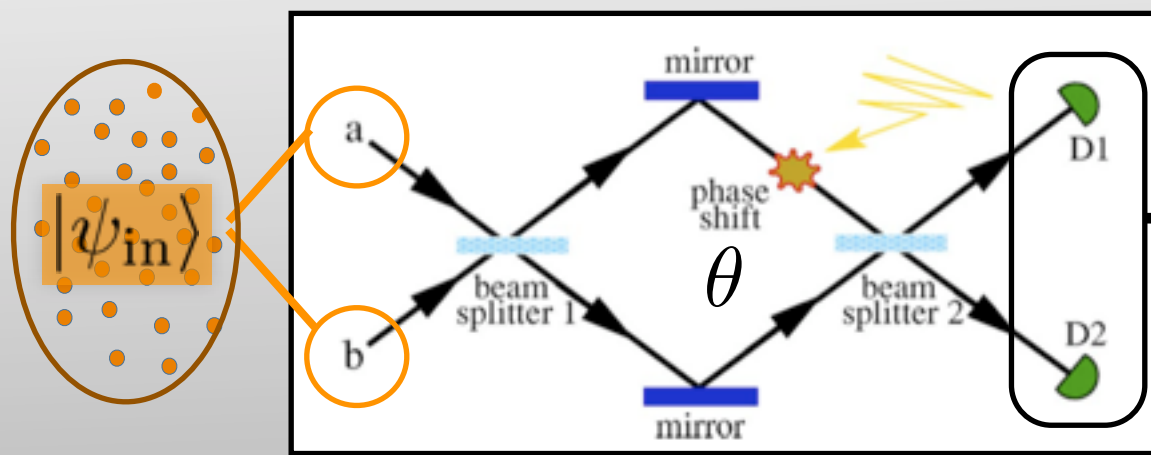
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C. Gross, J. Phys. B 45(2012)

Experiments
Ramsey-spectroscopy

Two-mode interferometry - Mach-Zehnder



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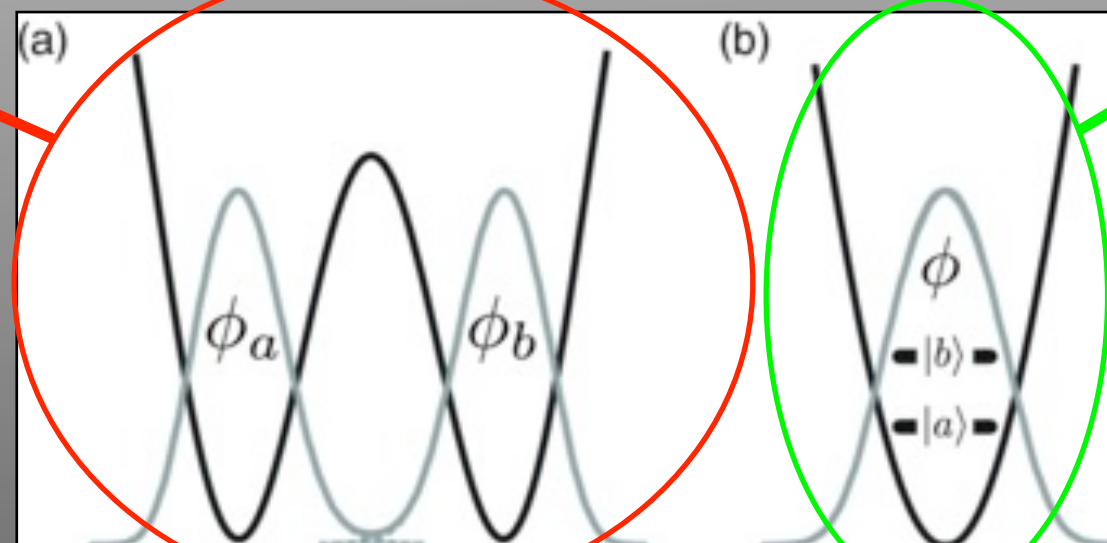
Implementation with **Ultracold Bosons**

No MZI yet
Double-well

J. Esteve, et al., Nature 554(2008)

Twin-atom beams

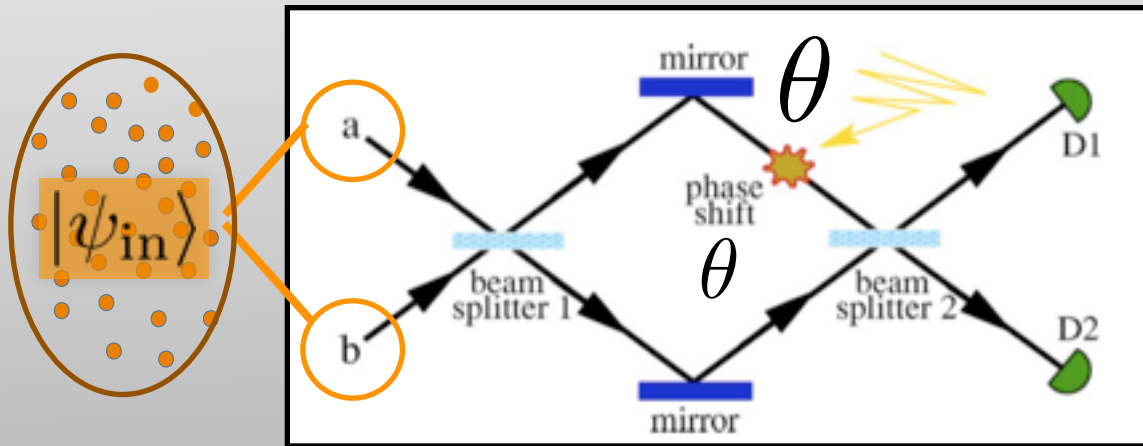
R. Buecker, et al., Nat. Phys. 7(2011)



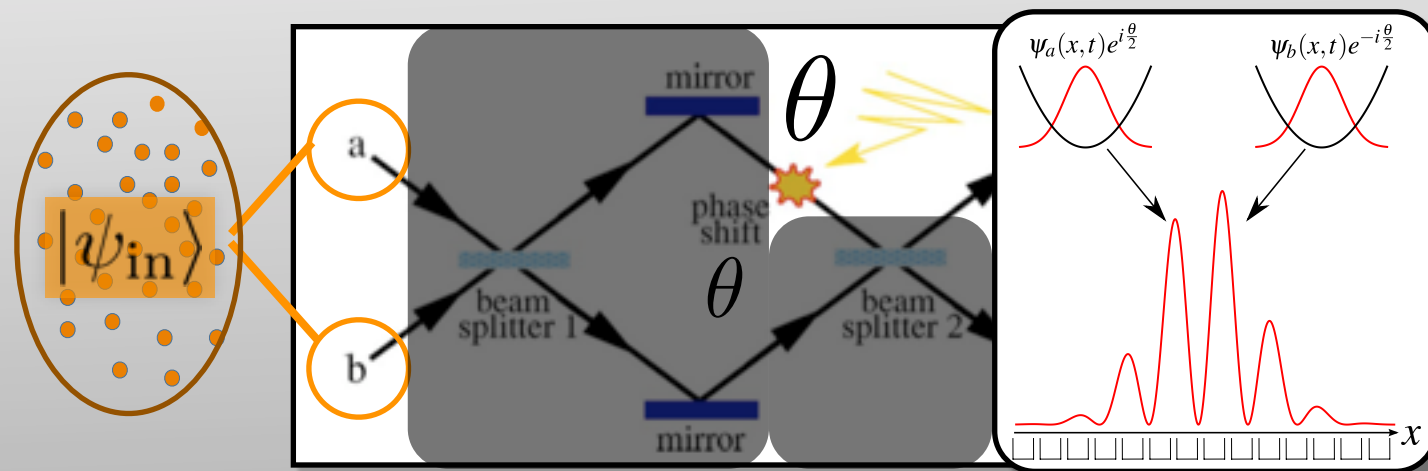
C. Gross, J. Phys. B 45(2012)

Experiments
Ramsey-spectroscopy

Two-mode interferometry - Interference pattern

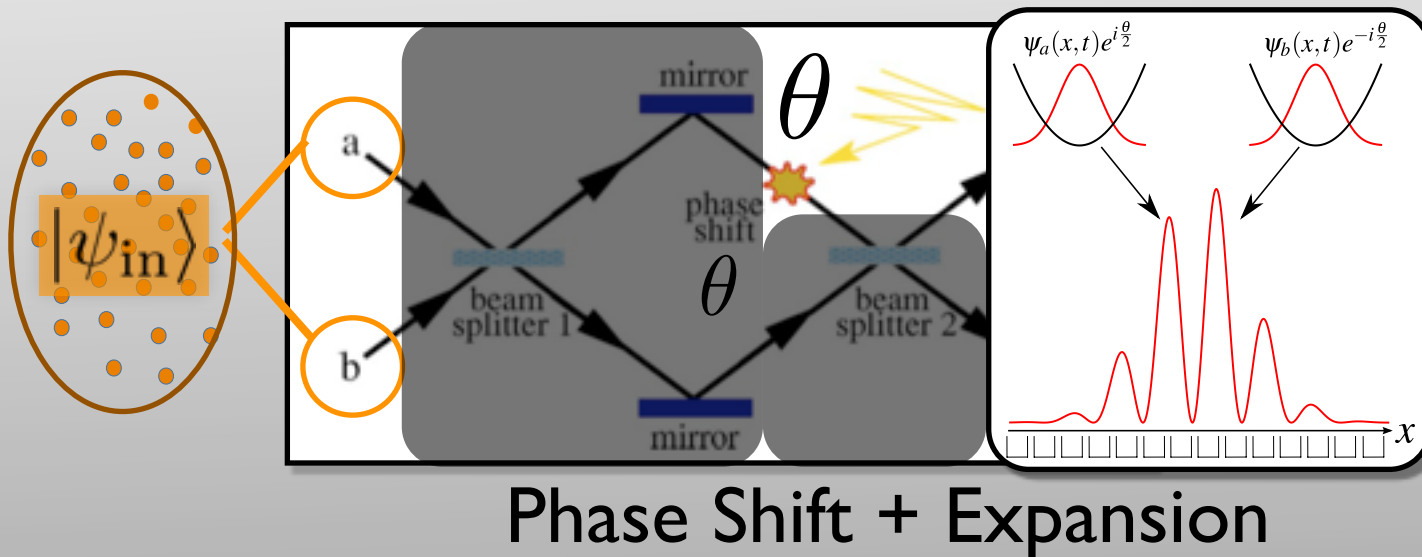


Two-mode interferometry - Interference pattern



Phase Shift + Expansion

Two-mode interferometry - Interference pattern



$$\Delta^2 \theta_{\text{ML}} = \frac{1}{m} \frac{1}{N} \left(\xi_{\phi}^2 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \nu^2}}{\nu^2} \right)$$

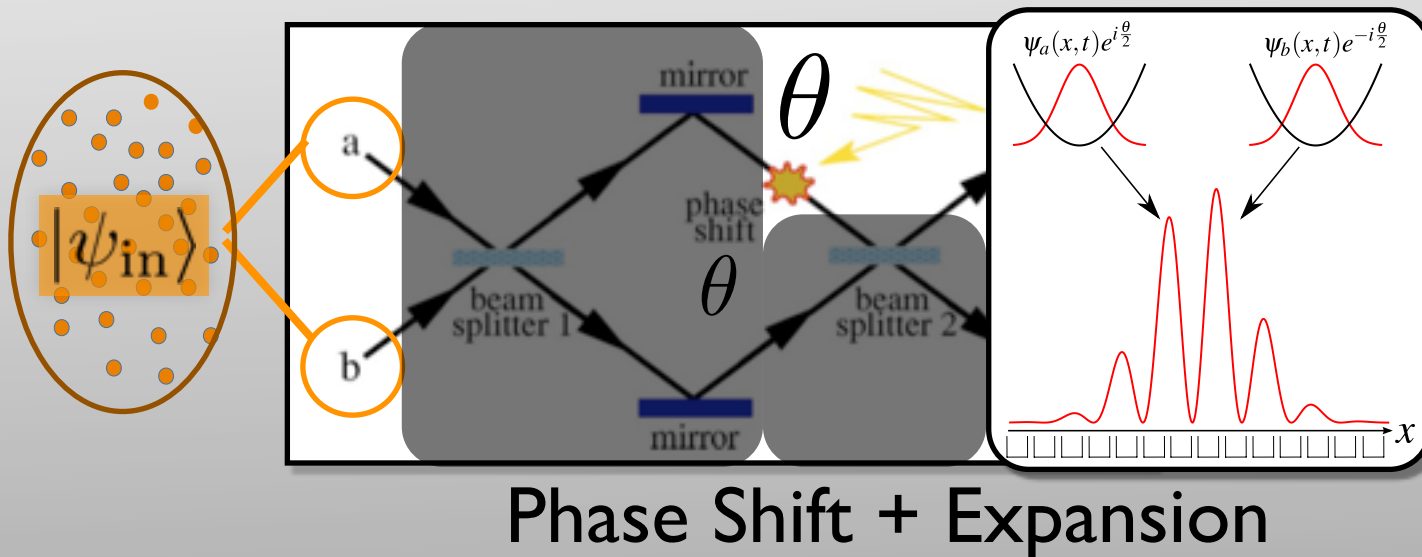
Phase squeezing

$$\xi_{\phi}^2 = N \frac{\Delta^2 \hat{J}_y}{\langle \hat{J}_x \rangle^2}$$

Contrast

$$\nu = \frac{2}{N} \langle \hat{J}_x \rangle$$

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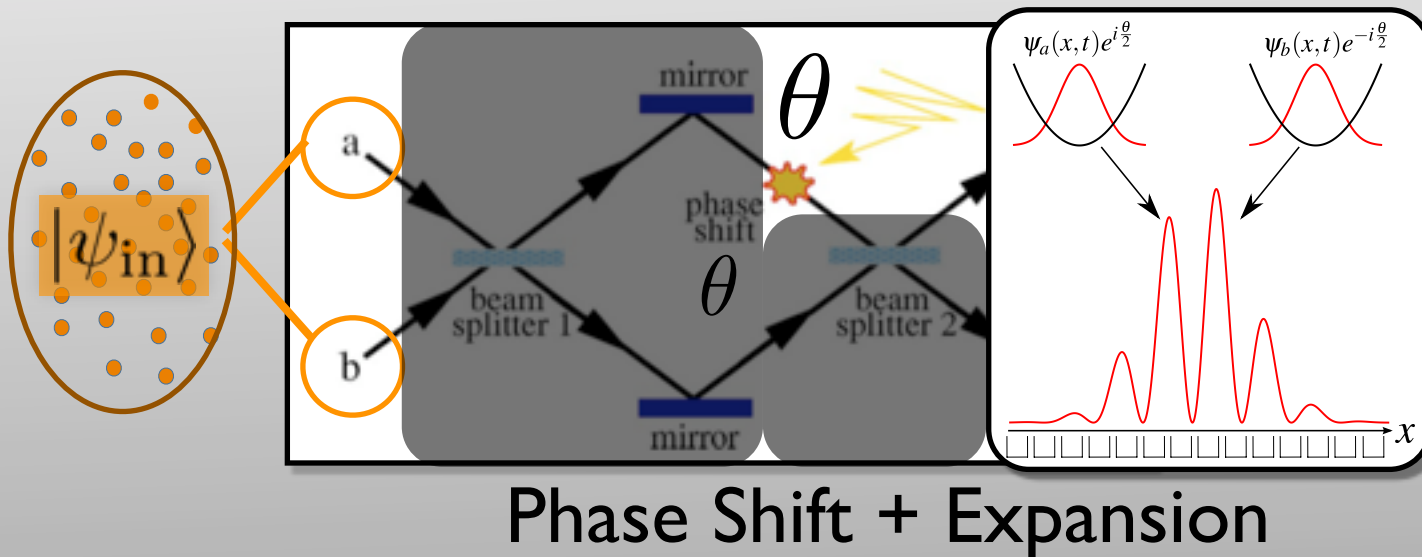
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Realistic phase squeezing

J. Grond, et al., NJP 12(2010)

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Realistic phase squeezing

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Include **technical noise**

Least-squares **fit** to **fluorescence** density

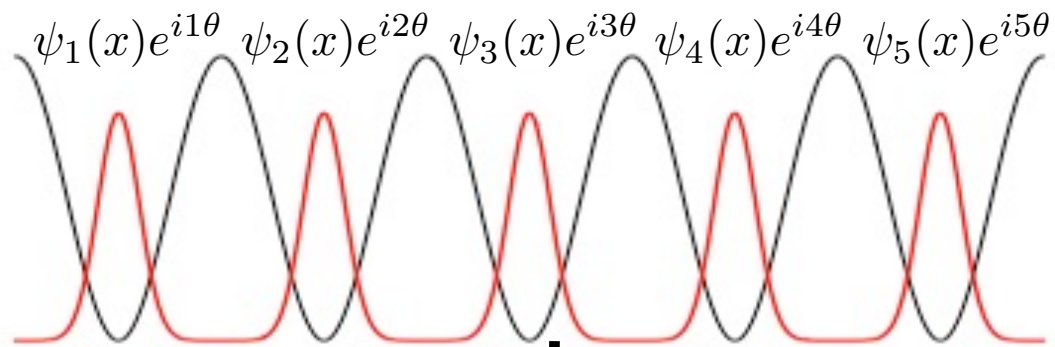
5 bins / fringe

sub-shot noise preserved for
10 photons/atom

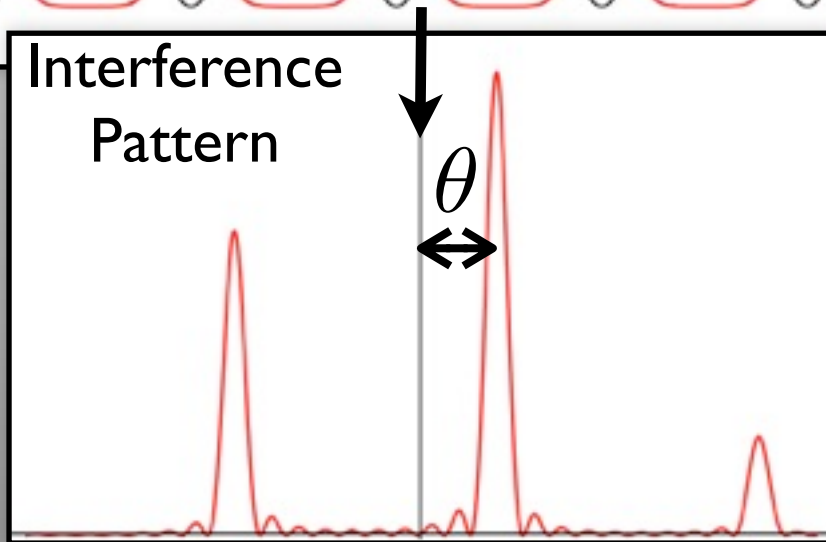
Multimode interferometry - BEC inside a lattice

**Imprint :
Linear Bias**

$$\hat{U}(\theta) = \exp \left(\theta \sum_{k=1}^M k \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_k \right)$$



**Interference
Pattern**



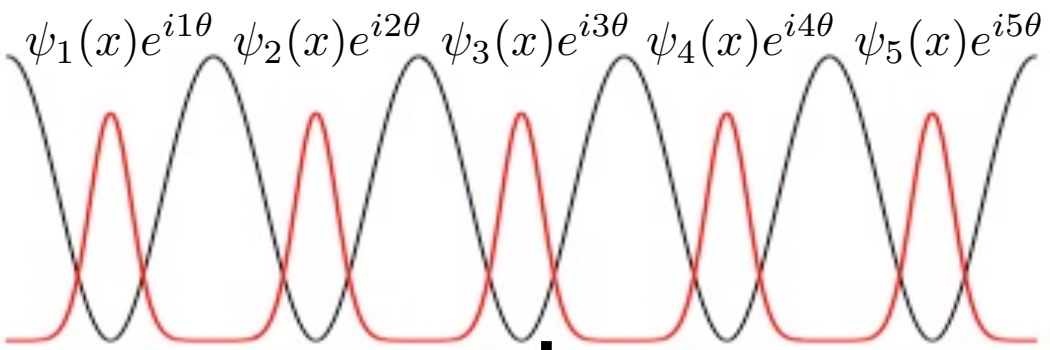
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**Least-squares fit
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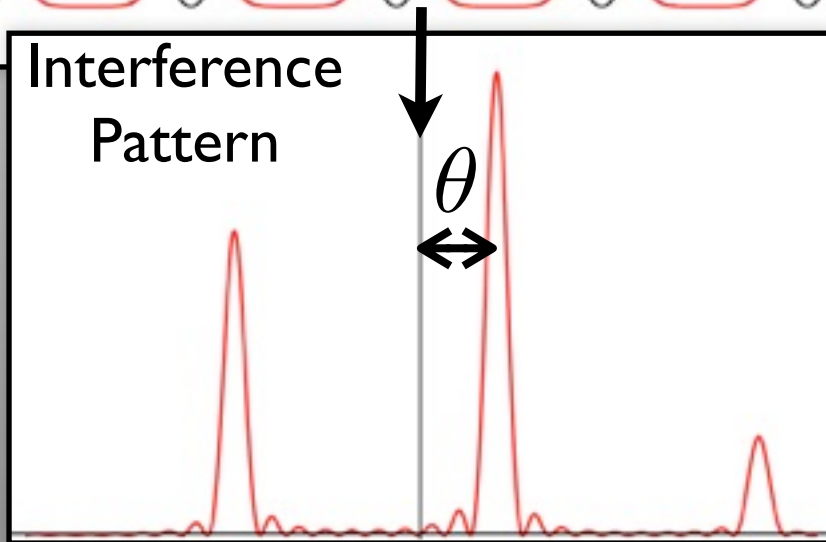
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Superfluid State

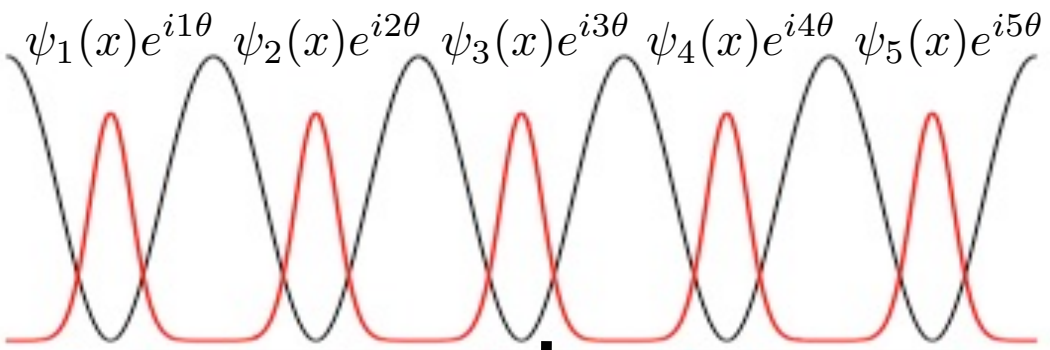
$$\Delta^2 \theta_{\text{ML}}^{(\text{SF})} = \frac{1}{mN} \frac{3}{(M^2 - 1)}$$

“Heisenberg” sc.
in number of sites

Multimode interferometry - BEC inside a lattice

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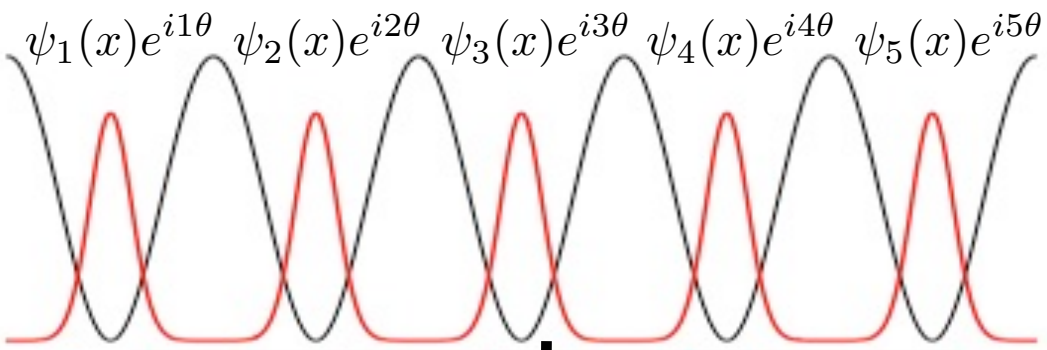
Improves for Phase Squeezed

Creation of number-squeezing C. Gross, et al., PRA 84 (2011)

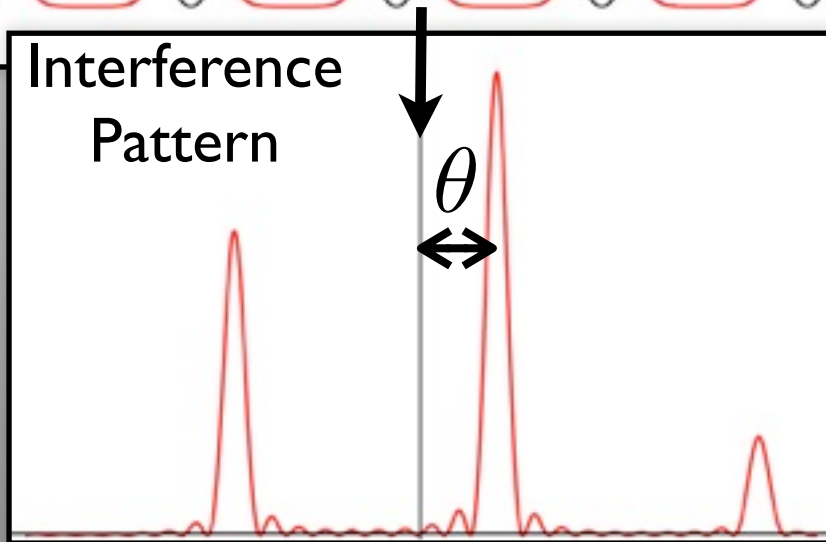
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Improves for Phase Squeezed

Creation of number-squeezing C. Gross, et al., PRA 84 (2011)

Particular SU(M) interferometer

Implementation of Beam Splitter, is not obvious !

A Vourdas, et al., PRA 71 (2005)

Interference Pattern does it “automatically” !

Summary & Outlook

1. General expression for the sensitivity of parameter estimation from one-body density
 - Two/Multi-mode, any interferometer, bosons/fermions
2. Measurement on interfering BEC
 - SSN sensitivity in double-wells fitting the interference density
 - “Heisenberg” scaling with number of lattice sites

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Next...

1. SU(M) interferometers: general sensitivity bounds
 - Two/Multi-mode, any interferometer, bosons/fermions
 - Useful entangled states in optical lattice (see *C. Gross, et al. PRA 84(2011)*)
2. Temperature estimation (Poster *J. Chwedenczuk*)
3. Look for useful correlation in other systems (low dimensions, fermions,...)